

Basic Properties of Vector Spaces

Theorem: Let V be a vector space over a field K .

- (i) The zero vector of V is unique
 (ii) For each $\vec{v} \in V$, the additive inverse of \vec{v} is unique.

Proof: (i) Suppose V has two vectors \vec{o}_1, \vec{o}_2 that satisfy the zero vector axiom [A2]

Then $\vec{o}_1 + \vec{o}_2 = \vec{o}_2$ because \vec{o}_1 satisfies [A2] and
 $\vec{o}_1 + \vec{o}_2 = \vec{o}_1$ because \vec{o}_2 satisfies [A2].

Hence $\vec{o}_1 = \vec{o}_1 + \vec{o}_2 = \vec{o}_2$ and so $\vec{o}_1 = \vec{o}_2$.

- (ii) Let $\vec{v} \in V$ and suppose there are two vectors $\vec{u}_1, \vec{u}_2 \in V$ satisfying the additive inverse property [A3], that is,
 $\vec{u}_1 + \vec{v} = \vec{v} + \vec{u}_1 = \vec{o}$ and $\vec{u}_2 + \vec{v} = \vec{v} + \vec{u}_2 = \vec{o}$.

We then have

$$\begin{aligned} \vec{u}_1 &= \vec{u}_1 + \vec{o} && \text{by [A2]} \\ &= \vec{u}_1 + (\vec{v} + \vec{u}_2) && \text{by choice of } \vec{u}_2, \text{ [A3]} \\ &= (\vec{u}_1 + \vec{v}) + \vec{u}_2 && \text{by associativity, [A1]} \\ &= \vec{o} + \vec{u}_2 && \text{by choice of } \vec{u}_1, \text{ [A3]} \\ &= \vec{u}_2 && \text{by [A2].} \end{aligned}$$

Hence $\vec{u}_1 = \vec{u}_2$. \square

Theorem (Cancellation) Let V be a vector space over K .

If $\vec{u}, \vec{v}, \vec{w}$ are vectors in V with $\vec{u} + \vec{w} = \vec{v} + \vec{w}$, then $\vec{u} = \vec{v}$.

Proof: HW1, problem #4.

[Hint: Add $-\vec{w}$ to both sides of $\vec{u} + \vec{w} = \vec{v} + \vec{w}$ and use axioms. Be sure to state which axiom is used for each step.]