## Graph Theory and Combinatorics MATH-42021/52021.

Home Work 1, due on Tuesday June 9
Instructor: Prof. Artem Zvavitch
13 points (yes, 3 extra points!)


Figure 1

Problem 1. Consider the graph $G$ in Figure 1,

- Show a path from vertex a to vertex $k$.
- Give an example of circuit which would contains both a and $k$. Also how many circuits which contains both $a$ and $k$ are there? (note two circuits $C$ and $C^{\prime}$ are different, if there is a vertex $v$ in one of them, say in $C$, such that $v \notin C^{\prime}$, for example, $(c, h, d, c)$ is the same circuit as $(h, d, c, h)$. The same is true about undirected paths)
- Two vertices are connected if there is a pass between them. The graph is connected if any two vertices are connected. Can you remove one edge from graph $G$ in such a way that it will disconnects $G$ ? (explain!)
- Find all sets of 2 edges whose removal disconnects the graph.
- What is the minimal number of vertex deletion required to disconnect G? (explain!)
- Find the minimal edge cover of $G$.
- Find a maximal independent set of $G$.
- Please, draw subgraphs of vertices of degree 2 i.e. the subgraph of all vertices in $G$ which have degree 2 in $G$.
- Please, also draw subgraph of vertices of degree 3 i.e. the subgraph of all vertices in $G$ which have degree 3 in $G$..

Problem 2. List all nonisomorphic graphs with four vertices.
Problem 3. Give an example of two non-isomorphic, connected graph with 6 vertices and 9 edges each.

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Problem 4. Which pairs of graphs among those four are isomorphic?


