

Graph Theory and Combinatorics MATH-42021/52021.  
 Home Work 1, due on Saturday June 20  
 Instructor: Prof. Artem Zvavitch  
 13 points (yes, 3 extra points!)

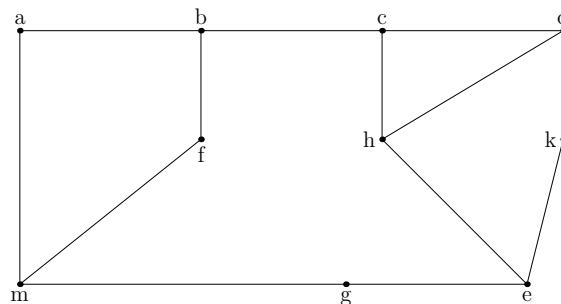


FIGURE 1

**Problem 1.** Consider the graph  $G$  in Figure 1,

- Show a path from vertex  $a$  to vertex  $k$ .
- Give an example of circuit which would contains both  $a$  and  $k$ . Also how many circuits which contains both  $a$  and  $k$  are there? (**note two circuits  $C$  and  $C'$  are different, if there is a vertex  $v$  in one of them, say in  $C$ , such that  $v \notin C'$ , for example,  $(c, h, d, c)$  is the same circuit as  $(h, d, c, h)$ . The same is true about undirected paths**)
- Two vertices are connected if there is a path between them. The graph is connected if any two vertices are connected. Can you remove one edge from graph  $G$  in such a way that it will disconnects  $G$ ? (explain!)
- Find all sets of 2 edges whose removal disconnects the graph.
- What is the minimal number of vertex deletion required to disconnect  $G$ ? (explain!)
- Find the minimal edge cover of  $G$ .
- Find a maximal independent set of  $G$ .
- Please, draw subgraphs of vertices of degree 2 i.e. the subgraph of all vertices in  $G$  which have degree 2 in  $G$ .
- Please, also draw subgraph of vertices of degree 3 i.e. the subgraph of all vertices in  $G$  which have degree 3 in  $G$ .

**Problem 2.** List all **nonisomorphic** graphs with four vertices.

**Problem 3.** Give an example of two non-isomorphic, connected graph with 6 vertices and 9 edges each.

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**Problem 4.** Which pairs of graphs among those four are isomorphic (must provide explanation!)?

