

**Graph Theory and Combinatorics MATH-42021/52021.**  
**Home Work 3, due on Saturday, June 29**  
**Instructor: Prof. Artem Zvavitch**  
**13 points (yes, 3 extra points!)**

**Problem 1.** Build 6-vertex graphs with the following degrees of vertices, if possible. If not possible, explain why not:

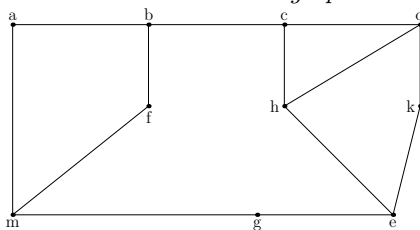
- 5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5.
- 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4.
- 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2.
- 3, 3, 3, 1, 1, 1.
- 1, 2, 2, 3, 4, 5.
- 2, 2, 4, 4, 4, 4.

Can you make your examples connected? Planar?

**Problem 2.** Prove that every connected planar graph with less than 12 vertices has a vertex of degree at most 4.

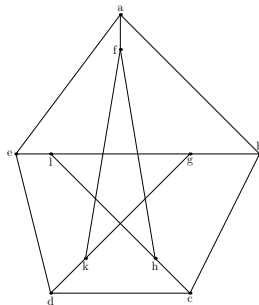
**Problem 3.** Prove that if a connected graph has  $2k$  vertices of odd degree, then there are  $k$  disjoint trails that contain all edges.

**Problem 4.** Consider the graph  $G$



- Does this graph contain Euler cycle?
- Does this graph contain Euler trail?

**Problem 5.** Please, TRY to remove some edges from the graph below, in a such a way that a new graph would contain and Euler cycle (note that the graph must stay connected). Explain, if this is impossible (**this part is Tricky!**).



**Problem 6.** In chess a "knight move" consists of two squares either vertically or horizontally and then one square in a perpendicular direction. Depending on where the knight is situated, he has a minimum mobility of two moves - when in a corner- and a maximum mobility of eight moves when near the center. Let  $C$  be a graph

with 64 vertices corresponding to the squares of a chessboard. Let two vertices of  $C$  be joint by an edge whenever a knight can go from one of the corresponding squares to the other in the move. Does  $C$  have an Euler trail? (You don't have to draw  $C$  to answer!!!!)