

**Introduction to Analysis**  
**VERY BIG Home Work + HW 10, due THE DAY OF**  
**FINAL EXAM.**

**Instructor: Prof. Artem Zvavitch**  
**There are 22 problems 5 points each!**

**Problem 1.** Use the principal of mathematical induction to show that for any numbers  $b$  and  $q \neq 1$  if

$$x_i = b \cdot q^i,$$

then

$$\sum_{i=0}^n x_i = b \frac{q^{n+1} - 1}{q - 1}.$$

Please, also find

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sum_{i=0}^n x_i.$$

**Problem 2.** Consider the set

$$S = \{[x, y] \times [c, d], \text{ where } x, y, c, d \text{ are rational numbers}\}.$$

Show that  $S$  is a countable set.

**Problem 3.** Prove that

$$\sqrt{|a| + |b|} \leq \sqrt{|a|} + \sqrt{|b|}.$$

Can you generalize this fact? I.e. find all  $p$  for which

$$(|a| + |b|)^p \leq |a|^p + |b|^p.$$

**Problem 4.** Show that  $|x - 5|$  is a continuous function on  $\mathbb{R}$ . Is it uniformly continuous?

**Problem 5.** Show that  $(x - 5)^2$  is a continuous function on  $\mathbb{R}$ . Is it uniformly continuous?

**Problem 6.** Prove that

$$\sup_{x \in A} |f(x) + g(x)| \leq \sup_{x \in A} |f(x)| + \sup_{x \in A} |g(x)|,$$

and

$$\sup_{x \in A} |f(x) \times g(x)| \leq \sup_{x \in A} |f(x)| \times \sup_{x \in A} |g(x)|.$$

**Problem 7.** Prove that there exists a positive real number  $x$  so that  $x^2 = 5$ . Please, also prove that  $2 < x < 2.5$ .

Please, find a sequence  $\{x_n\}_{n=1}^{\infty}$  of rational numbers such that

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} x_n = \sqrt{5}.$$

**Problem 8.** *It it true that the sum of two rational numbers is rational?*

*Is it true that the sum of irrational number and rational number is necessary irrational?*

*Is it true that the sum of two irrational numbers is necessary irrational?*

**Do not forget to show a proof, if the answer to any of questions is Yes**

**Problem 9.** *Use the definition of limit to show that*

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{21 + n}{-8 - n} = -1$$

and

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n^2 + 1}{n} = \infty.$$

**Problem 10.** *Show that*

$$a_n = \sum_{i=0}^n \frac{(-1)^i}{3^i}$$

*is a convergent sequence.*

**Problem 11.** *Show that if  $a_{n+1} = a_n + n^{-n}$ , then  $a_n$  is a convergent sequence.*

**Problem 12.** *Let  $x_1 = 0$  and  $x_{n+1} = \frac{1}{4}(x_n + 1)$  show that a)  $x_n$  is bounded. b) Monotone c) convergent. Finally find the limit of  $x_n$ .*

**Problem 13.** *Prove that if  $a_n$  is a Cauchy sequence then  $|a_n|$  is also a Cauchy sequence. Is it true that if  $|b_n|$  is a Cauchy sequence then  $b_n$  is a Cauchy sequence? Is it true that  $b_n$  has a convergent subsequence?*

**Problem 14.** *Use  $\varepsilon - \delta$  definition of limit to show that*

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{x^2 - 4}{x - 2} = 4.$$

**Problem 15.** *Let  $f(x)$  be a continuous function such that  $f(2^{-n}) = \frac{n+1}{n}$ , find  $f(0)$ .*

**Problem 16.** *Show that*

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} \frac{1}{x - 3}$$

*does not exists.*

**Problem 17.** *Prove that if  $f(x)$  and  $g(x)$  are uniformly continuous functions on  $A$ , then  $f(x) + g(x)$  is also uniformly continuous on  $A$ .*

**Problem 18.** Let  $f(x)$  be a continuous function on  $[a, b]$ , such that  $f(a) \times f(b) \leq 0$ , show that then there exist  $c \in [a, b]$  such that  $f(c) = 0$ .

**Problem 19.** Let  $f(x)$  be a continuous function on  $[0, 1]$  such that  $f(0) = -1$  and  $f(1) = 2$ , show that there exist  $x_0 \in [0, 1]$ , such that  $f(x_0) = x_0$ .

**Problem 20.** Show that  $q(x) = -3x^2$  is a Lipschitz function on  $[0, 1]$ . Show that if  $f$  is a Lipschitz function with Lipschitz constant  $L$ , then  $g(x) = -3f(x)$  is a Lipschitz function with constant  $3L$ .

**Problem 21.** Assume  $f(x)$  and  $g(x)$  are monotone increasing functions on  $[0, 1]$ , is it true that  $f(x) \times g(x)$  is also monotone increasing?

**Problem 22.** Assume that  $f(x)$  is a strictly increasing function on  $[a, b]$ , show that  $f^{-1}(x)$  (inverse of  $f$ ) is also an increasing function on  $[f(a), f(b)]$ .