

Functions of Real Variables 1 (62051/72051)
Home Work 2, due on Monday, September 11.
Instructor: Prof. Artem Zvavitch.

Problem 1. Let $C \in [0, 1]$ be Cantor set.

- Is it true that C contain irrational points?
- Is it true that C contains only boundary points (of C)?
- Please, find \bar{C} (closure of C).

Problem 2. Consider the unit interval $[0, 1]$, and let ξ be fixed real number with $\xi \in (0, 1)$ (note that the case $\xi = 1/3$ corresponds to the regular Cantor set we learned in our lectures).

In stage 1 of the construction, remove the centrally situated open interval in $[0, 1]$ of length ξ . In stage 2 remove the centrally situated open intervals each of **relative** length ξ (i.e. if the interval has length a you remove an interval of length $\xi \times a$), one in each of the remaining intervals after stage 1, and so on.

Let C_ξ denote the set which remains after applying the above procedure indefinitely.

- Prove that C_ξ is compact.
- Prove that C_ξ is totally disconnected and perfect.
- Actually, prove that the complement of C_ξ in $[0, 1]$ is the union of open intervals of total length equal to 1.
- Show directly that $m_*(C_\xi) = 0$.

Problem 3. We may also define the outer measure by taking coverings by rectangles instead of cubes. More precisely, we define

$$m_*^R(E) = \inf \sum_{j=1}^{\infty} |R_j|,$$

where the inf is now taken over all countable coverings $E \subset \bigcup_{j=1}^{\infty} R_j$ by closed rectangles. Show that actually

$$m_*^R(E) = m_*(E),$$

for every subset E in \mathbb{R}^d .

Problem 4. Suppose E is a given set, and O_n , for $n \in \mathbb{N}$, is the set defined by

$$O_n = \{x \in \mathbb{R}^d : d(x, E) < \frac{1}{n}\}.$$

- Prove that O_n is open.
- Prove that if E is compact, then $m(E) = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} m(O_n)$.
- Would the above be true for E closed and unbounded set?
- Would the above be true for E open and bounded set?